

# Cox10-Flox

<b>Nomenclature</b>	C57BL/6Smoc- <i>Cox10</i> <sup>em1(flox)Smoc</sup>
<b>Cat. NO.</b>	NM-CKO-240103
<b>Strain State</b>	Developing

## Gene Summary

<b>Gene Symbol</b> <b>Cox10</b>	<b>Synonyms</b>	AU042636; 2410004F01Rik
	<b>NCBI ID</b>	<a href="#">70383</a>
	<b>MGI ID</b>	<a href="#">1917633</a>
	<b>Ensembl ID</b>	<a href="#">ENSMUSG000000042148</a>
	<b>Human Ortholog</b>	COX10

## Model Description

These strains carry loxP sites flanking exon 6 of Cox10 gene. When crossed with a Cre recombinase-expressing strain, this strain is useful in eliminating tissue-specific conditional expression of Cox10 gene.

\*Literature published using this strain should indicate: Cox10-Flox mice (Cat. NO. NM-CKO-240103) were purchased from Shanghai Model Organisms Center, Inc..

## Disease Connection

<b>Parkinson's Disease</b>	<b>Phenotype(s)</b>	<a href="#">MGI:5775427</a> Note: The expected phenotype(s) may be observed in the above-mentioned mice that bred with Slc6a3-cre mice.
	<b>Reference(s)</b>	Pinto M, Nissanka N, Peralta S, Brambilla R, Diaz F, Moraes CT, Pioglitazone ameliorates the phenotype of a novel Parkinson's disease mouse model by reducing neuroinflammation. Mol Neurodegener. 2016;11:25

<b>Mitochondrial Myopathy</b>	<b>Phenotype(s)</b>	<a href="#">MGI:3609951</a> Note: The expected phenotype(s) may be observed in the above-mentioned mice that bred with Myl1-Cre mice.
	<b>Reference(s)</b>	Diaz F, Thomas CK, Garcia S, Hernandez D, Moraes CT, Mice lacking COX10 in skeletal muscle recapitulate the phenotype of progressive mitochondrial myopathies associated with cytochrome c oxidase deficiency. Hum Mol Genet. 2005 Sep 15;14(18):2737-48
<b>Cytochrome-C Oxidase Deficiency Disease</b>	<b>Phenotype(s)</b>	<a href="#">MGI:5444474</a> Note: The expected phenotype(s) may be observed in the above-mentioned mice that bred with Camk2a-cre mice.
	<b>Reference(s)</b>	Diaz F, Garcia S, Padgett KR, Moraes CT, A defect in the mitochondrial complex III, but not complex IV, triggers early ROS-dependent damage in defined brain regions. Hum Mol Genet. 2012 Dec 1;21(23):5066-77

## Validation Data

No data